

السؤال 1

1 درجات

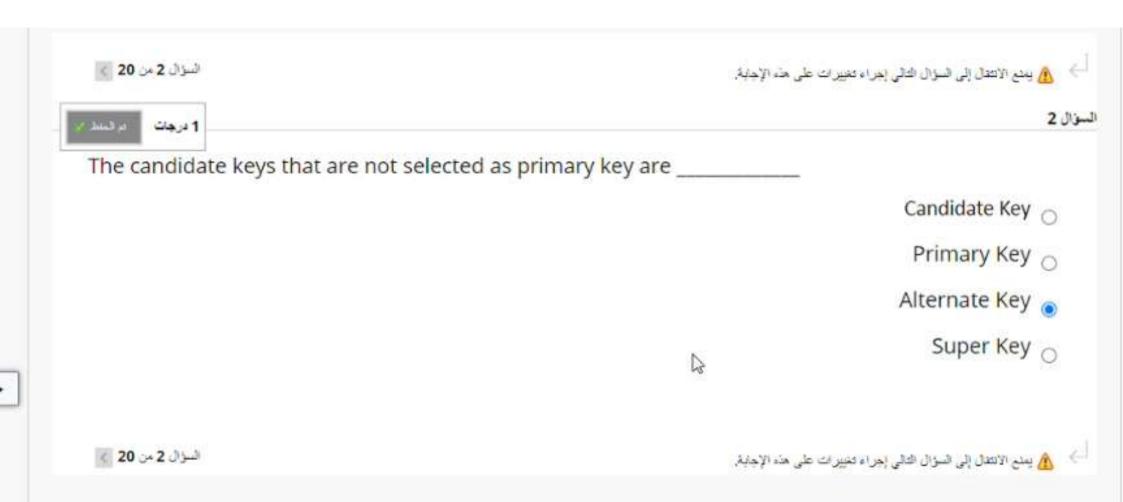
relation exists when one instance of the first entity (parent) can relate to many instances of the second entity (child), and one instance of the second entity can relate to many instances of the first entity

- M to 1
- 1-to-1
- M to M
- 1 to M

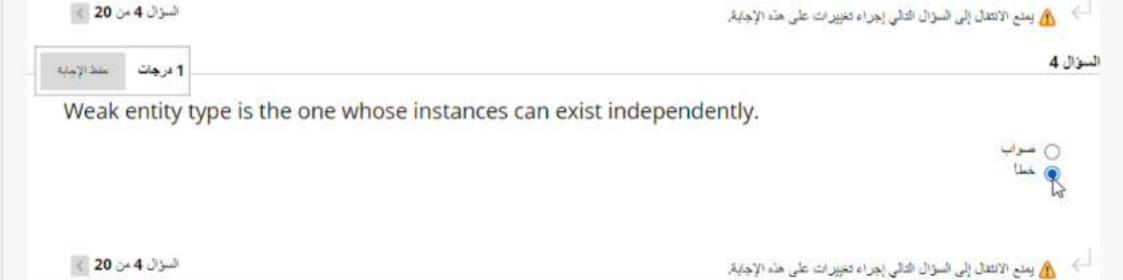
السؤال 1 سي 20

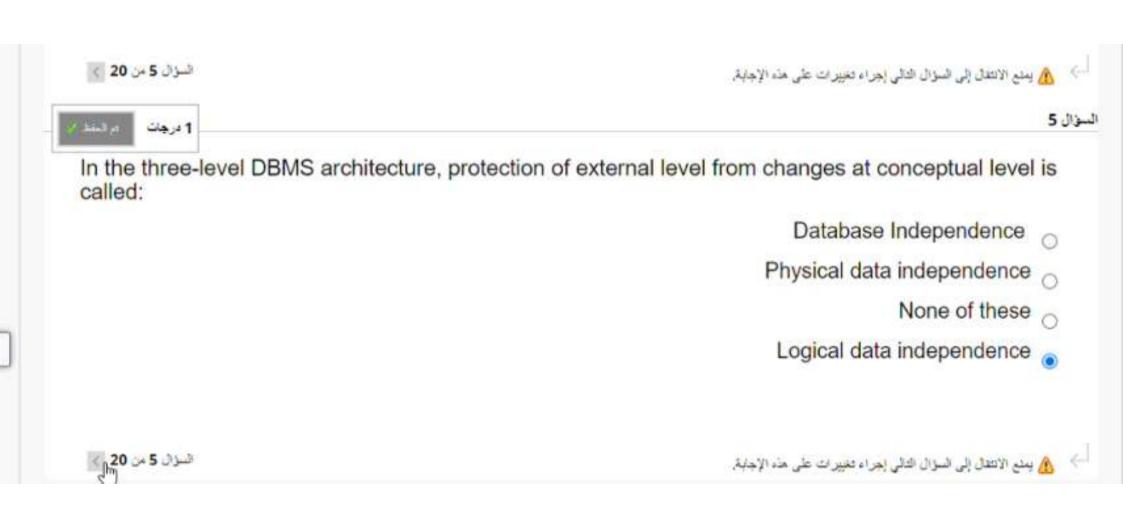
الإجابة الإنتقال إلى السؤال الثالي إجراء تغييرات على هذه الإجابة.







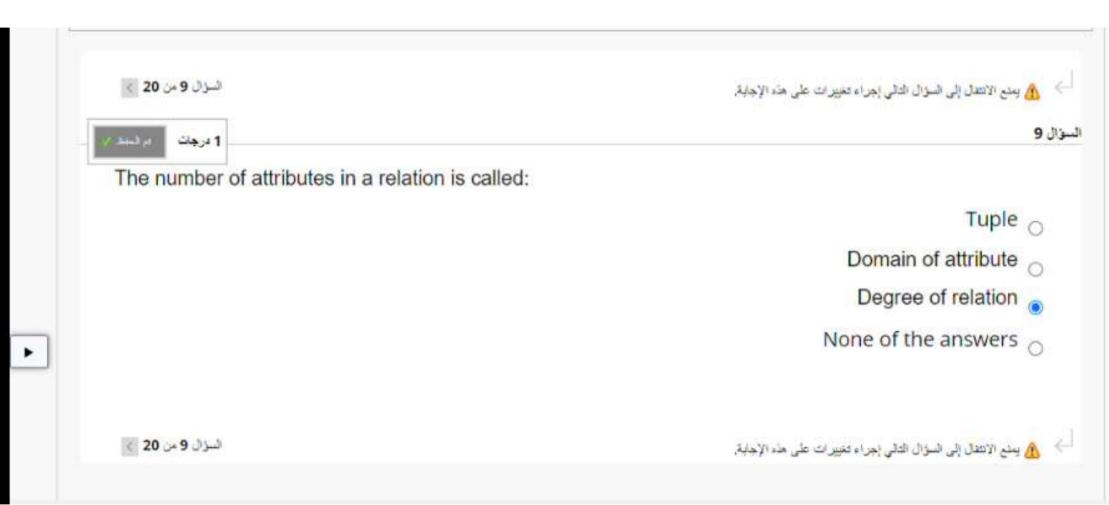




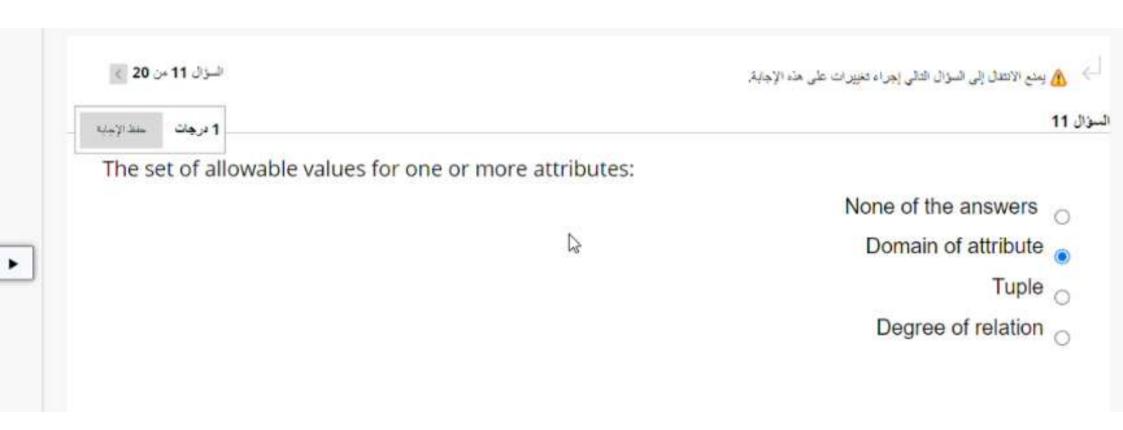






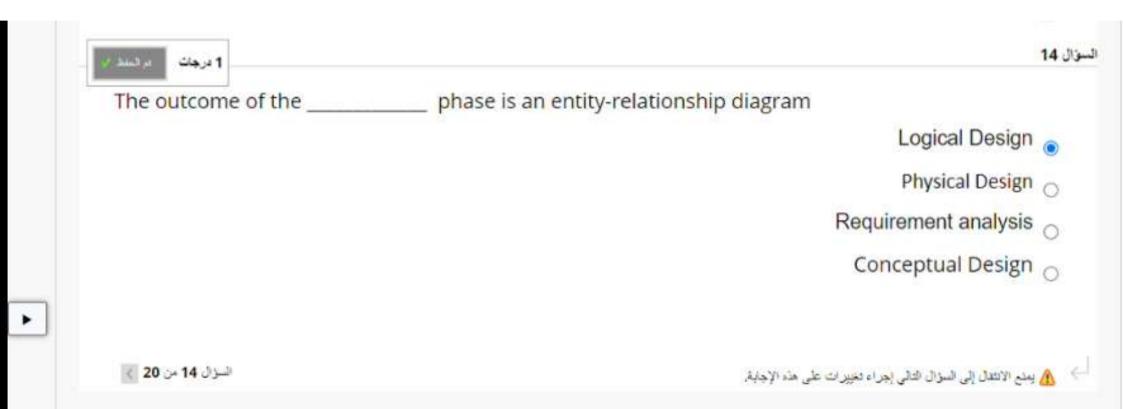


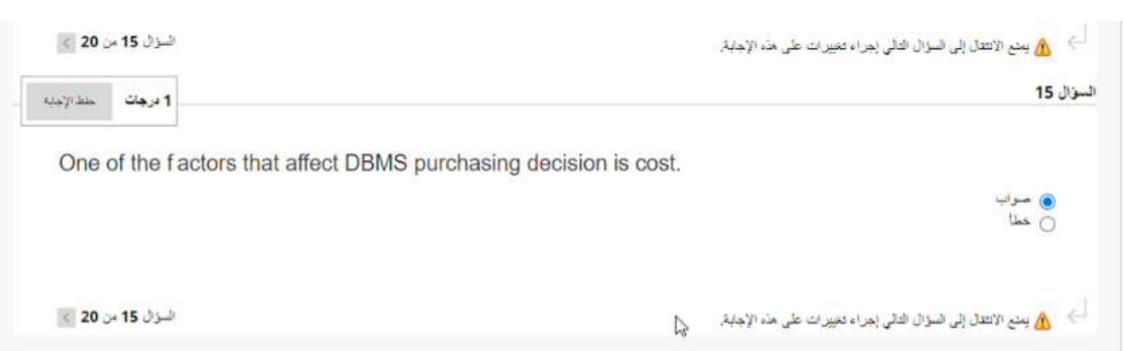










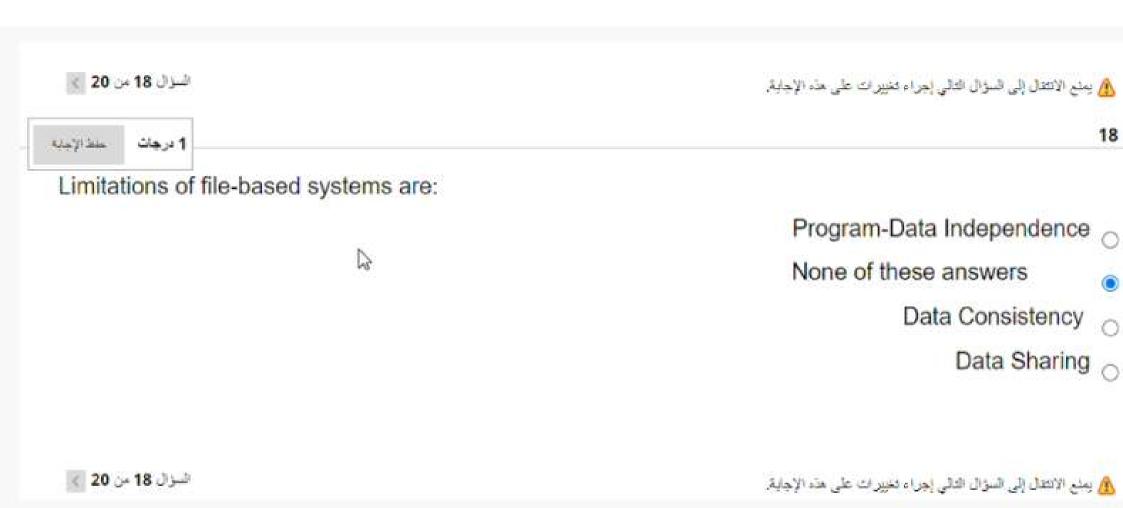




الإجابة الإنتقال إلى السؤال التألي إجراء تخبيرات على هذه الإجابة.

السؤل 16 من 20 كيا







🗎 🐧 يمنع الانتقال إلى السؤال الثالي إجراء تغييرات على هذه الإجابة.



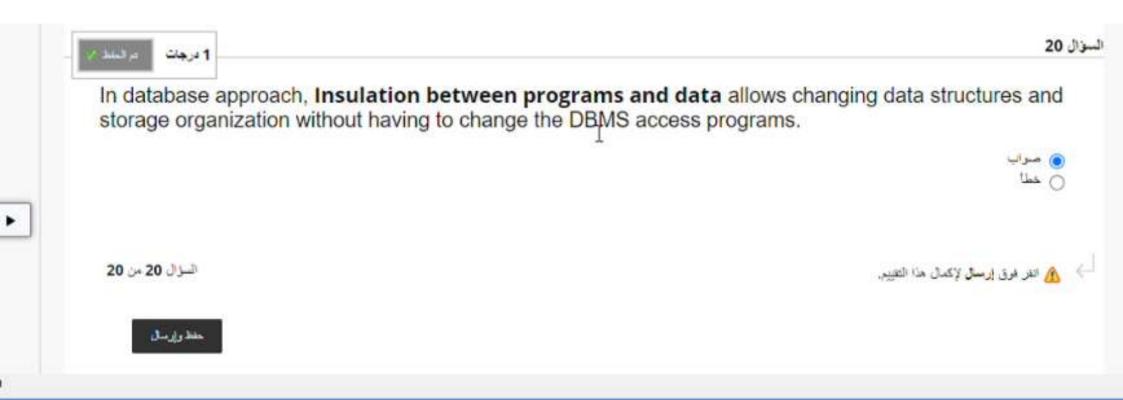
السؤال 19

Data integrity and data consistency are the basis of the following DBMS function:

- Data Storage Management
  - Multiuser Access Control
    - Security Management
- Data Dictionary Management

يمنع الانتقال إلى السؤال الثالي إجراء تغييرات على هذه الإجابة.





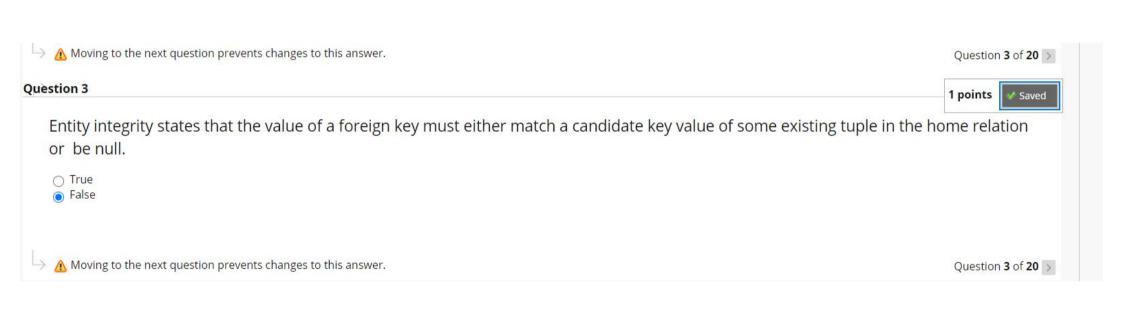
A null is not the same as a zero numeric value or a text string filled with spaces.



False

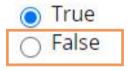
The number of attributes in a relation is called:

- None of the answers
- Degree of relation
- Domain of attribute



ركزوا هنا الله ياخذ ابليس

Derived attribute age can be represented using UML notations as \age



SQL is the least common query language supported by the majority of DBMS.







⚠ Moving to the next question prevents changes to this answer.

# Limitations of file-based systems are:

- Data Sharing
- Data Consistency
- None of these answers
- Program-Data Independence

In file-based systems, A flat file is a file containing records that have no structured interrelationship



○ False

In file-based systems, A flat file is a file containing records that have no structured interrelationship



○ False

Question 8

The DBMS software together with the data itself. Sometimes, the applications are also included is called \_\_\_\_\_\_

Database Model
Database Schema
Database System
Database Management System

\_\_\_\_\_ relation exists when one instance of the first entity (parent) can relate to many instances of the second entity (child), and one instance of the second entity can relate to many instances of the first entity

- $_{\odot}$  M to 1
- $oldsymbol{}$  M to M
- 1 to 1
- $_{\odot}$  1 to M

The number of instances of one entity type that may be associated with each instance of the other entity type:

- None of the answers
- Cardinality of relationship
- Binary relationship
- Ternary relationship

The candidate keys that are not selected as primary key are \_\_\_\_

- **Primary Key**
- Candidate Key
- Alternate Key
- Super Key



Moving to the next question prevents changes to this answer.

Weak entity type is the one whose instances can exist independently.

- True
- False



Moving to the next question prevents changes to this answer.

Difficult to represent Many to 1 or Many to Many relationships in the \_\_\_\_\_\_

- Network Database Model
- Semantic Database Model
- Relational Database Model
- Hierarchical Database Model



# Question 15 In the three-level DBMS architecture, protection of external level from changes at conceptual level is called: Database Independence Logical data independence Physical data independence None of these

## Question 16

In the ERD the relationship between the attributes may be \_\_\_\_\_

- One to Many
- Many to Many
- None of these
- One to One

## Question 17

The outcome of the \_\_\_\_\_ phase is an entity-relationship diagram

- Physical Design
- Requirement analysis
- Conceptual Design
- \_ Logical Design

## **Question 18**

In Logical Database Design Phase, there are two design strategies: top-down and bottom-up.

○ True

False

## In the database development process, business rules are clarified in \_\_\_\_\_\_ Phase. Logical Design Physical Design Requirement Analysis Conceptual Design









